



MADRID,

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This is a personal 15 day trip map to Madrid by Virginia Duran. It is in conjunction to Google maps directions. Oriented towards architecture, it shows what to visit, why, where and when. Prices and other helpful tips about this city. Importance is marked with (*) being (****) the must see. See end for useful links.

	WHAT	Architect	WHERE	Notes
-	Zone 1: City Center			
*****	Torre Espacio	Pei Cobb Freed & Partners	Paseo de la Castellana, 259	Tower built in 2006 it is 230 m high. The interior can't be visited but it has a restaurant on the 33rd floor. The highest in Spain.
*****	Torre Cristal	Cesar Pelli	Paseo de la Castellana, 259	Office tower built in 2009. It is 249m high and has A-certificate of environmental sustainability. It has the biggest vertical garden in Europe, located on the top floor. The interior can't be visited.
*****	PwC Tower, EuroStars Hotel	Carlos Rubio Carvajal Enrique Álvarez-Sala Walter	Paseo de la Castellana, 259	EuroStars Hotel Madrid Tower is 236m high. It has a restaurant on the 31st floor with panoramic views of Madrid.
*****	Caja Madrid Tower	Foster + Partners	Paseo de la Castellana, 259	Headquarters of the financial institution Caja Madrid. It is 250m high (tallest structure in Spain). The interior can't be visited.
*****	KIO Towers, Gate of Europe	Philip Johnson and John Burgee	Paseo de la Castellana + Plaza Castilla	Built in 114. Each building is 115 m tall with an inclination of 15°, making them the first inclined skyscrapers in the world.
*****	Obelisk	Santiago Calatrava	Plaza de Castilla	Built in the 300th anniversary of Caja de Madrid. 92m high.
****	Calvo Sotelo Monument	Carlos Ferreira Manuel Manzano	Plaza de Castilla	The sculptor is Carlos Ferreira but it was designed by Manuel Manzano Monís. It is made of reinforced concrete.
****	Instituto Nacional de Estadística	César Ruiz-Larrea and Antonio Gómez	Castellana 183	Built in 1972 and redesigned in 2004 and 2007. The new colorful façade which includes numbers, represent 58 different stats on the Spanish population in 2007. Ask for a brochure on its interior.
****	"Bernabeu" Football Stadium	Manuel Muñoz M. Luis Alemany Soler	Avenida de Concha Espina, 1	Property of Real Madrid Football Club and it has capacity for 85.454 people. A new Stadium is planned for 2016. Guided tours available from Mon-Sat (10:00-19:00) Sun (10:30-18:30). Admission 19€
***	Palacio de Exposiciones y Congresos	Pablo Pintado y Riba	Paseo de la Castellana, 99	Governmental building. The main façade has an artwork designed in 1980 by Llorens Artigas based on an original art piece by Joan Miró.
****	Picasso Tower	Minoru Yamasaki	Plaza Pablo Ruiz Picasso, 1	Office building designed in 1974. Very similar to Rainier Tower in Seattle (Minoru Yamasaki) and Aon Center in Chicago (Perkins and Will). Access arch. Is forbidden to take any pictures.
****	BBVA building	Sáenz de Oíza	Paseo de la Castellana, 79 - 81	Built in 1981 by the same architect as Torres Blancas. There's a lot of difference in style. This bank building made of corten steel is famous for its rounded corners. Its site was a challenge since it's built over the Cercanías train railway.
****	Nuevos Ministerios	Secundino Zuazo	Paseo de la Castellana, 63	Governmental complex made of several ministries. Finished in 1942. The typical part is the archery on the East side (facing Castellana Avenue) and sometimes it has art expositions on its interior.
***	"Ingenieros de Minas" Technical School Building	Ricardo Velázquez Bosco	Calle de Ríos Rosas, 21	Built in 1893 as a rectangular building around a central courtyard with two towers topped by cupolas of French style. The patio is covered by a steel and glass structure. Parisian influence.
*****	Cube Sculpture	Miguel Angel Ruiz-Larrea	Calle de José Gutiérrez Abascal, 2	This monument was designed by an architect, in honor of the Spanish Constitution of 1978.
****	Museo Nacional de Ciencias Naturales	Fernando de la Torriente	Calle de José Gutiérrez Abascal, 2	National Museum of Natural History. Great for kids and rainy days. Tu-Fri (10.00-18.00) Sat (10-20) except Jul. And Aug. (10-15). Sun (10.00-14.30). General admission 6€
****	Fundación Lázaro Galdiano	(New Auditorium) Alberto Ballarín + Rafael Fernandez	Calle Serrano, 122	The museum was the original house of Lázaro Galdiano, designed by Jose Urioste in 1903. Mon-Sat (10-16) Tue- Closed Sun (10-15). General admission 6€, 3€ for students.
****	Sorolla Museum	Enrique María Repullés	General Martínez Campos, 37	The collection has the majority of Sorolla's art work. Tu-Sat (9.30-20.00) Sun (10-15). General admission 6€, FREE for students.
*****	"Torre Castelar" Tower	Rafael de la Hoz	Paseo de la Castellana 50	This square building built in 1983 is known for the amazing cantilever on its façade. Today is home of Catalana Occidente



				insurance company.
☆☆☆	Open air museum of "La Castellana"	Eusebio Sempere	Underneath Eduardo Dato Bridge	"La Sirena Varada" by Chillida is the most important. Made of reinforced concrete it hangs on the bridge. Also sculptures of Miro, Palazuelo, Chirino, Subirachs, R. Leoz, E. Sempere or Marcel Marfí.
☆☆	Bankinter Building	Rafael Moneo and Ramón Bescós	Paseo de la Castellana, 29	Built in 1976. Very difficult site context between typical residential buildings and an ancient "palazzo" from the 19th C. Its height and material (red brick) were designed to be part of the context.
☆☆☆☆	Colon Twin Towers	Antonio Lamela	Plaza Colon	Originally built in 1976 as an apartment building but changed to offices. Built from the upper part to the lower part. It was categorized as the 6th ugliest building in the world.
☆☆☆☆	Woman with Mirror	Botero	Plaza Colon	This sculpture was a gift from Botero to the Town Hall of Madrid
☆☆☆☆☆	Plaza Colon	[Arturo Melida + Jerónimo Suñol] Antonio Palacios Joaquin Vaquero	Plaza Colon	Square composed by the Monument of Columbus (1885), the "Fernando Fernan Gomez" theatre and "Monumento al Descubrimiento de America" gardens (with three other sculptures). Biggest flag of Spain in the world.
☆☆☆	IBM building	Miguel Fisac	Paseo de la Castellana, 4	Built in 1968 as the IBM bank building. Its concrete structure is hidden between a very dynamic façade which was an experiment in materials by the architect.
☆☆☆☆☆	National Library	Francisco Jareño	Paseo de Recoletos, 22	Built in 1864. It is only opened to the public during "La noche en blanco"- Open House. Guided tours Tu-Wed 17.30, Thu-17.
☆☆☆☆	National Archeological Museum	Francisco Jarreño Antonio Ruiz de Salces	Calle de Serrano, 13	Inaugurated by queen Isabel II. Is located in the east part of the National Library and restored in 2012. The museum focuses mainly on ancient civilizations in the Iberian Peninsula and other Mediterranean areas. Tue-Fri (9-13). FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆☆	Cibeles Fountain	Ventura Rodriguez	Plaza Cibeles	Originally as a decoration to the "Buenavista Palace" today a Real Madrid victory icon. Its function though is to protect the Gold Chambers at the "Spanish Bank". (by flooding it in case of holdup).
☆☆☆☆	Casa de America	Carlos Colubí	Plaza de la Cibeles, 2	Built in 1900 as "Palacio de Linares" palace. It was known for its ghostly legends. The main stair is worth seeing. It now works as a public consortium in which art expositions and other activities are held. Tours are available Sat-Sun (11, 12, 13). General admission 8€, 5€ students.
☆☆☆☆☆	Bank of Spain	Rafael Moneo	Plaza Cibeles	Built in 1891 by the design on Eduardo Adaro. The new corner of Calle Alcalá and Marques de Cubas was designed by Moneo. Make sure you visit its impressive interior, it looks more like NY station.
☆☆☆☆☆	Town Hall or "Palacio Cibeles"	Antonio Palacios Joaquin Otamendi	Plaza Cibeles	Typical baroque architecture from Spain. It used to be the building for the National Post Office. During Christmas there is a huge recreation of the Nativity scene. On the top floor there is a restaurant with amazing views.
☆☆☆☆	Town Hall Roof	Schlaich Bergermann und Partner	Plaza de Cibeles	Glass roof built in 2009 where the "Car Garage" used to be at Palacio de Comunicaciones. This "Galería de Cristal" was part of a very complex engineering process that let into this free-formed glass roof.
☆☆☆☆☆	Terraza Cibeles Rooftop	-	Plaza de Cibeles, 1 (6th Floor)	Located on the Town Hall of Madrid. The views from the rooftop (access 2€) are spectacular but it closes at 8.00 p.m. If you want to get amazing night shots this terrace is the alternative, but its 2 stories beneath the regular rooftop.
☆☆☆☆☆	"Puerta de Alcala"	Francesco Sabatini	Plaza de la Independencia	Built in 1769 under the reign of Carlos III. It used to give access to the travelers that came from France, Barcelona or Asturias.
☆☆☆☆☆	"San Manuel y San Benito" Church	Fernando Arbós	Calle de Alcalá, 83	Built in 1910 as one of the most representative examples of neo-Byzantine architecture of the capital. During the Civil War was saved from the flames, but only because the Popular Front government decided to use it as a warehouse.
☆☆☆☆☆	"El Retiro" Park	Giovanni Battista Crescenzi and Alonso Carbonell	Plaza de la Independencia	Biggest green area in the city center. The main access is through Plaza de la Independencia.
☆☆☆☆☆	Boat Rental	-	"El Retiro" Park	Located on the North part of the pond. Mon-Sun (10-sunset) Price of Tickets 5,80€ during weekdays, 7,80€ weekends (45min).
☆☆☆☆☆	Alfonso XII Sculpture	José Grases Riera	"El Retiro" Park	Iconic monument of the park. Great views of the pond and the boats.
☆☆☆☆☆	Palacio de Cristal	Ricardo Velázquez Bosco	"El Retiro" Park	One of the very first buildings made of a glass structure. Expositions from April-September. FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆☆	Gym Pavillion	Abalos + Sentkiewicz Arquitectos	"El Retiro" Park	Sports pavilion built in 2003 after winning the 1st prize of the competition. If you are around it's worth a visit.
☆☆☆	Naval Museum	Francisco Javier Luque and José Espelius	Paseo del Prado, 5	All about naval history. Tue-Sun (10.00-19.00). FREE Admission. (Voluntary contribution 3€). Thu, Sat and Sun at 11.15 FREE guided tour.
☆☆☆☆☆	"Thyssen-Bornemisza" Museum	Rafael Moneo	Paseo del Prado, 8	The original neoclassic palace of Villahermosa was redesigned by Moneo. It has artwork from Cranach, Jan van Eyck, el Greco, Caravaggio, Rubens, Raphael, Renoir, Van Gogh or Picasso among others. Tue-Sun (10.00-19.00). General admission 9€, 6€ for students.
☆☆☆	Congreso de los Diputados	Narciso Pascual y Colomer	Calle de San Jerónimo s/n	Neoclassic architecture. Corinthian columns. Guided tours on Saturday morning (10.30-12.30) every 30 min.
☆☆☆☆	La Terraza del Urban Rooftop	-	Carrera de San Jerónimo, 34 (7th)	One of the best rooftop's of Madrid. Chic and quiet. Views are nice but the building is the best part. Outstanding service. There is a



			Floor)	swimming pool which opens during the day.
☆☆☆	Lope de Vega House Museum	-	Calle de Cervantes, 11	Original house of the poet and playwright until 1635. Preserved as it was. Tue-Sun (10-15). FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆	The Penthouse Rooftop	-	Plaza de Santa Ana, 14 (7th Floor)	Access is through the 1st floor elevator located on the right side of the building. It has just been restored and it now offers higher and more private spots. The only disadvantage is that you'll have to go yourself to get the drinks to the bar and then bring them to the terrace, not fun given the menu prices.
☆☆☆☆	San Jeronimo el Real Church	Rafael Moneo	Calle de Moreto, 4	It was originally designed by fray Lorenzo de San Nicolás in 1463. It has been redesigned by Moneo and added to the Prado Museum. It has always been related to the Spanish Royalty. Juan Carlos I got married here.
☆☆☆☆☆	"El Prado" Museum	Juan de Villanueva Rafael Moneo	Paseo del Prado, s/n	Biggest Collection in Madrid. MUST see. Mon-Sat (10.00-20.00) Sun (10-19). General admission 12€, FREE for students (18-25).
☆☆☆	Real Jardin Botánico	Juan de Villanueva and Francesco Sabatini	Plaza de Murillo, 2	Botanic Gardens. Mon-Sat (10-[18-21]) Depending on the month. General admission 3€, 1,50€ for Students.
☆☆☆☆☆	Caixa Forum	Herzog & De Meuron	Paseo del Prado, 36	Cultural center. Vertical garden by Patrick Blanc. The restaurant on top is a nice place for a pause. Mon-Sat (10-20). General admission (3€- depends on the exposition)
☆☆☆☆☆	"Reina Sofia" Museum	Jean Nouvel	Calle de Santa Isabel, 52	2 nd Biggest collection. It has the Guernica (Picasso). Mon-Sat (10-21) Sun (10-19). General admission 6€. FREE Mon-Fri (19-21), Sat (14.30-21), Sun (10-19). FREE for Students.
☆☆☆☆	11M Monument	FAM Studio	Atocha Train Station	Exterior and interior from inside of Atocha Train Station. Built in memory of the 11 ^m of March terrorism victims.
☆☆☆☆	Atocha Train Station	Alberto de Palacio Rafael Moneo	Glorieta de Carlos V	New part is redesigned by Moneo. It is the main and oldest train station of Madrid. The train to Aranjuez departs from here.
☆☆☆	National Museum of Anthropology	Marqués de Cubas	Calle de Alfonso XII, 68	Built in 1875 under the reign of Alfonso XII. Mon-Sat (9.30-20.00) Sun (10-15). General admission 3€, FREE for students.
☆☆☆	Sociedad General de Autores y Editores	José Grases Riera	Calle de Fernando VI, 4	Ancient Longoria Palace built in 1904. The corner and the interior cupola have special architectural interest. Mon-Sat (9-14).
☆☆☆☆	Santa Barbara Church	François Carlier and Francisco Moradillo	Calle del General Castaños, 2	Built in 1758 and founded by Queen Bárbara de Braganza who was buried here with her husband, King Ferdinand VI. They didn't want to be buried in the monastery of the Escorial as the rest of the kings of Spain.
☆☆☆☆☆	Fuencarral Street	-	Calle Fuencarral	Shopping street. Great hipster stores, street art. Mango, Zara...
☆☆☆☆	Dos de Mayo Square	Cristóbal de Aguilera	Plaza del Dos de Mayo	It was designed in the memory of the 2 nd of May attack from France to Spain. Young spot for having "Beer and Tapas"
☆☆☆☆	ABC Museum, Illustration and Design Center	Aranguren + Gallegos	Calle de Amaniel 29-31	Ancient beer factory. Building itself is very interesting. Tue-Sat (11-20), Sun (10-14) FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆☆	Debod Temple	al-Barsanti	Calle de Ferraz, 1	200-180 a. C. Gift from Egypt to Spain. Tu-Fri (10-14/16.15-18) Depends on season. FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆	Madrid Tower	Julián Otamendi	Plaza de España, 18	Built in 1960 for Telefonica. It was one of the tallest buildings in Madrid. Now is residential and can't be accessed.
☆☆☆☆	Edificio España	Julián Otamendi	Plaza de España, 5-6	Crowne Plaza Hotel until 2006. Now abandoned.
☆☆☆☆☆	Plaza de España	Manuel Martín Rodríguez	Plaza de España	One of the most popular squares in Madrid. The fountain is in memory of Miguel de Cervantes. Street market in winter.
☆☆☆☆☆	Capitol Building	Luis Martínez-Feduchi y Vicente Eced y Eced	Calle Gran Vía, 41	Built in 1933. Expressionist architecture. One of the most iconic buildings of the capital. Now a cinema, hotel and a shopping store.
☆☆☆☆	Palacio de la Prensa	Pedro Muguruza	Plaza de Callao, 46	"The Press Palace" built in 1928 as the tallest building in Madrid.
☆☆☆☆☆	Gourmet Experience - El Corte Inglés	-	Plaza de Callao (9th Floor)	Inside a shopping mall and organized like a market (buy an ice cream/drinks and then bring them outside) It is from here where you'll get the best shots of the famous Capitol Building and Gran Vía street. Sunsets from this rooftop are among the best ones of Madrid. And the good thing is that it opens all year-long.
☆☆☆☆☆	H&M	-	Calle Gran Vía, 37	Located in the Ancient theater and then night Club "Pasapoga". The interior is just amazing. Very well preserved.
☆☆	Palacio de la Musica	Secundino Zuazo	Calle Gran Vía, 35	"The Music Palace" and cinema built in 1926. Now in reconstruction.
☆☆☆☆☆	Telefonica Building	Ignacio de Cardenas	Calle de Fuencarral, 3	Built in 1929. Great Interiors. Lots of free activities inside.
☆☆☆☆	Hotel de las Letras Rooftop	-	Calle Gran Vía, 11 (7th Floor)	Nice views and amazing atmosphere. It is now very famous and it attracts a lot of tourists. Be patient, it is small and it may take a while to sit down. At lunch is less crowded than at dinner. If you want to conquer the heart of your date, bring him/her here.
☆☆☆☆☆	"laterrazadeoscar" Rooftop	-	Plaza Vázquez de Mella 12 (8th Floor)	The best views of Madrid, definitely worth a visit. However, the atmosphere may not be so good (loud people). Swimming pool service (40€/day 20€/ half day) includes a towel, tequila and Cava drink.
☆☆☆☆	Chueca Area	-	Chueca Calle de la Libertad 21	This is the gay area of Madrid, bars and nightlife. The square is the meeting point. Bazaar Restaurant on the rear street is really good.
☆☆☆☆☆	La Terraza del Ada Rooftop	-	Calle Gran Vía, 2 (7th Floor)	This is the best place to enjoy Madrid's sunset. While having one of the most impressive views (the Metropolis Building is just in front),



				the brand new cocktail selection makes it a completely delightful experience. You shouldn't miss this spot.
☆☆☆☆☆	Metropolis Building	Jules y Raymond Février	Calle de Alcalá, 39	Built in 1910 in the end by Luis Esteve. New Renaissance style. The statue on top was designed by Federico Coullaut Valera.
☆☆☆☆☆	Círculo de Bellas Artes	Antonio Palacios	Calle de Alcalá, 42	Founded in 1880 by several artists. It has art expositions inside. Must see the stair and the rooftop. Mon-Sun (11-15/16-21). General admission 3€.
☆☆☆☆☆	Metro Train Station	Antonio Fernández Alba	Puerta del Sol	East Access- Carrera de S. Jerónimo. Built in 2009.
☆☆☆☆☆	"El oso y el madroño" Sculpture	Antonio Navarro Santafé	Calle del Carmen	Icon of Madrid. Built in 1967 it represents the City and the Nation.
☆☆☆☆☆	Zero Km	Cándido Herrero Rico	Puerta del Sol	Built in 1950 is the center point of all the roads in Spain.
☆☆☆☆☆	Casa de Correos	Ventura Rodríguez	Puerta del Sol	Built in 1760 as the National Post Office. The clock on the top is where the New Year is announced.
☆☆☆☆☆	"San Ginés" Chocolate Factory	-	Pasadizo de San Ginés, 11	Founded in 1894. Most famous "Chocolate con churros" of Madrid. It is amazing but there is always a huge queue.
☆☆☆☆	"Royal Theatre"	Antonio Lopez Aguado	Plaza Isabel II s/n	Built in 1850. The paintings on the ceilings are remarkable. Really good Operas depending on the season.
☆☆☆☆☆	"Plaza de Oriente" Square	Narciso Pascual y Colomer	Plaza de Oriente, 2	One of the nicest and most expensive areas to live. The garden has a sculpture collection of which the statue of Philip IV by Pietro Tacca.
☆☆☆☆☆	Royal Palace	Filippo Juvara	Calle de Bailén	Mon-Sun (10-18). General admission 10€. Students 3,50€
☆☆☆☆	Sabatini Gardens	Fernando Mercadal	Calle de Bailen, 9	Gardens of the Royal Palace. FREE access (9-20)
☆☆☆☆☆	Almudena Cathedral + Museum	Juan Bautista Sachetti	Calle de Bailen, 10	Completely finished in 1993. Mon-Sun (10-14/17-21). There is a museum on one of the sides. General admission 6€, 4€ for students.
☆☆☆☆☆	Plaza de la Villa	-	Plaza de la Villa, 5	Famous square for its ancient history (XV century).
☆☆☆☆☆	Mercado de San Miguel	Alfonso Dubé y Díez	Plaza de San Miguel s/n	Closed market in 1916. Redesigned in 2009. Gastronomic route through the seasonal products of Spain. Perfect for Tapas/ Lunch.
☆☆☆☆☆	"Plaza Mayor" Square	Juan de Herrera Juan Gómez de Mora	Plaza Mayor	Built in 1619 under the reign of Philip II. One of the most successful squares in Madrid. Nice restaurants and good atmosphere.
☆☆☆☆	Arco de Cuchilleros	Juan de Villanueva	Calle de los Cuchilleros, 7	The most famous entrance (among the 9 accesses) of Plaza Mayor. It is near "Botín" Restaurant.
☆☆☆☆	"Botín" Restaurant	-	Calle Cuchilleros, 17	Founded in 1725, it is the oldest restaurant in the world (Record Guinness). Expensive.
☆☆☆☆	"Cebada" Market	Mariano Calvo Pereira	Plaza de la Cebada, s/n	Built in 1868 and redesigned in 1958. Cheap goods market. The steel arch structure was innovative for the time being.
☆☆☆☆	La Latina Area	-	La Latina	Its old architecture is very typical from Madrid. Not very safe at night
☆☆☆☆	"Dore" Cinema Fílmoteca	Crispulo Moro Cabeza	Calle Santa Isabel, 3	Built in 1923 and very well preserved. The façade is very painteresque. It has an amazing "Old Movie" Program from 2€
☆☆☆☆☆	"El Rastro" Street Market	-	Calle de la Ribera de Curtidores, 21	Street market only on Sunday mornings (10-14). Second hand clothes, furniture, books and other gadgets.
☆☆☆☆☆	"Valle-Inclán" Theatre	Ángela García de Paredes e Ignacio García Pedrosa	Plaza de Lavapiés, s/n	Opened in 2006 is one of the newest buildings in Madrid. The project had a lot of budget constraints.
☆☆☆☆☆	Edificio Escuelas Pías (UNED) Building	Linazasoro	Calle Tribulete, 14 (4th Floor)	Its reknown architect, Linazasoro, was in charge of restoring this monastery built in 1729 and turning it into a library in 2004. In this case you shouldn't face your chair towards the skyline, but towards the cupola. Amazing architecture, make sure you visit the inside of the building.
☆☆☆☆	"Puerta de Toledo" Monument	Antonio Lopez-Aguado	Ronda de Toledo, 1	One of the Ancient Access "Doors" of Madrid. T was built in the memory of Ferdinand VII and the Independence from France.
☆☆☆☆	"La Casa Encendida" Social and Cultural Center	Fernando Arbós y Tremanti	Ronda de Valencia, 2	Built in 1878. The façade system was very innovative for the time being. It has several alternative art expositions and activities. Mon-Sun (10-22)
☆☆	"Vicente Calderón" Football Stadium	Javier Barroso Miguel Ángel García	Paseo Virgen del Puerto, 67	Close to the "Manzanares" river. Guided tours Tue-Sun (11-19). General admission 10€
☆☆☆☆☆	Antiguo Matadero de Madrid	José Eugenio Ribera	Paseo de la Chopera, 14	Old slaughterhouse now transformed into an arts center. (Expositions, music, performances, cinema, library..)
☆☆☆☆	Planetarium	Salvador Perez Arroyo	Avenida del Planetario, 16	Center of Astronomy and Science. (22sept-21dec/22dic-6enero). General admission 3,55€ for the projections. FREE access to expositions.
☆☆☆☆☆	Madrid University Campus	Modesto Lopez Otero	Ciudad Universitaria	Main university campus of Madrid. Politécnica, Complutense two main ones. The buildings were used for protection during Spanish Civil War.
☆☆☆☆☆	Faculty of Pharmacy Extension	MTM Arquitectos	Plaza de Ramon y Cajal	Built in 2007 this is one of the newest parts of Ciudad Universitaria. The topography made the building to be elevated over the ground.
☆☆☆☆	"Museo del Traje" Museum	Jaime López de Asiaín y Ángel Díaz Domínguez	Avenida de Juan de Herrera, 2	Museum that has many of the Royal dresses and other important society members. Tue-Sat (9.30-19.00) Sun (10-15). General admission 3€, FREE for students.
☆☆☆☆	School of Architecture of Madrid	Pascual Bravo Modesto Lopez Otero Pascual Bravo Sanfeliú	Avenida de Juan de Herrera, 22	The basement of this building was used by Franco during the Spanish Civil War. On the main entrance there is the "Façade of La Latina Hospital". Inside, lots of stressed students.
☆☆☆☆☆	Sede del Instituto del Patrimonio	Fernando Higuera and Antonio Miró	Calle de El Greco, 4	Built in 1967 as the Cultural Headquarters of Spain. Its circular shape and materials, mainly concrete make this constructivist



	Cultural de España			building unique in its style. Tours are available only by appointment. Completely worth a visit.
☆☆	Museo de América	Luis Moya and Luis Martínez-Feduchi	Avenida de los Reyes Catolicos, 6	Museum includes a collection of + 25000 pieces from all times. Tue-Sat (9.30-18.30) Depends on the season. General admission 3€, 1,50€ for students.
☆☆☆☆	Arch of Victory	Modesto López Otero y Pascual Bravo Sanfeliú	Avenida del Arco de la Victoria	Franco had it built in 1956 as a tribute to his Nationalist army. The Latin inscriptions on top are in memory of the new construction of Ciudad Universitaria after the Civil War.
☆☆☆☆	Junta Municipal Moncloa-Aravaca	Manuel Herrero de Palacios	Plaza de la Moncloa, 1	Built in 1949. This is the best part to observe the Arch of Victory and the amazing views of the West of Madrid.
☆☆☆☆	Good Views of West Madrid	-	Over the Moncloa Subway Station	This is the best part to observe the Arch of Victory and the amazing views of the West of Madrid.
☆☆	Military Airforce Building	Luis Gutiérrez Soto and Ramón Beamonte	Calle de Romero Robledo, 8	Built in 1883." It has 4 towers on the corners that make it symmetric and similar to "El Escorial.
☆☆☆☆	Mercado de Moncloa-Hotel Exe Rooftop	-	Calle Arcipreste Hita, 10 (9th Floor)	This rooftop is in conjunction to "Mercado de Moncloa" located on the 1st floor of the Exe Hotel. It is like a small version of "Mercado de S. Miguel" Market. It is part of the "Heineken Afterwork" events, so you know you'll have fun. Young atmosphere. Amazing sunsets.
☆☆☆☆	"Casa de las Flores" Apartments	Secundino Zuazo	Calle de Rodríguez San Pedro, 72	"House of the Flowers" was built in 1931, one of the most famous residential complex in Madrid. The poet Pablo Neruda lived here.
☆☆☆☆	"Teleferico" Cable Car	-	Paseo Pintor Rosales, s/n	Cable car tour that goes over the west part of Madrid showing amazing views of it. Schedule varies every day of every month, confirm dates here http://www.teleferico.com/horarios . 5,6€
☆☆☆☆	Principe Pio Station	Victor Lenoir	Principe Pio	Built in 1882 in one of the oldest train stations of Madrid. Now part of it is still a station and the other part is a shopping mall.
☆☆☆☆	"Casa Mingo" Restaurant	-	Paseo de la Florida, 34	Traditional food from Madrid and Asturias. Chicken and cider are their favorites. It was founded in 1888.
☆☆☆☆	Goya Pantheon and Museum	Sabatini and Juan Moya Idígoras	Glorieta de San Antonio de la Florida, 5	Goya was buried here. The Chapel is decorated with his own paintings from 1798. Tue-Fri (9.30-20.00) Sat-Sun (10-14) FREE admission. There are 2 twin Chapels, one has the fake replicas.
☆☆☆☆	Telefonica New Building	Rafael de la Hoz	Ronda de la Comunicacion	New building for 14000 employees built in 2008. Remarkable façade. Big open green spaces. Only the exterior can be visited.
☆☆	"San Pedro Mártir" Church	Miguel Fisac	Av Burgos, 204	Built in 1960. The resulting plant is a hyperbola. Today more than 30 residents who engage in religious teaching, preaching, catechesis, pastoral and religious assistance, among other services. It has a full library of philosophy and theology.
☆☆☆☆	New BBVA Headquarters	Herzog&deMeuron	Calle Saucedá	Currently under construction and will be finished by 2014. It proposes the creation of an artificial garden, an oasis, evolving from inside out—a place that establishes a balance between the natural environment and the buildings, and functions like a small city.
☆☆☆☆	BMW + Mini Car Store	Rafael de la Hoz	Avda. Burgos 133 (Las Tablas)	Opened in 2005. The form is inspired in the heat waves produced by BMW engine. It has the most luxurious display of BMW cars. Mon-Fri (9.30-20.00) Sat (10-14).
☆☆☆☆	Mirador Building	MVRDV	c/ Princesa de Éboli, 13-21	Famous residential postmodern building of 2005. Its shape is inspired in the typical block, then turned and put in a vertical angle.
☆☆☆☆	"Torres Blancas" Towers	Sáenz de Oiza	Avenida de América, 37	Apartment tower built in 1968, 71m high. Organic architecture.
☆☆☆☆	Silken Puerta América Hotel	Jean Nouvel (...)	Avda de América 41	Built in 2005. Zaha Hadid, Norman Foster or David Chipperfield are just some examples of the architects who participated in the interior design. The rooftop FUSE bar is a MUST. Opened until 2 a.m.
☆☆	Edificio los Cubos	Luis de la Rica	Calle Albacete, 5	Built in 1981 as an office building for AFG (Assurances Generales de France). Amazing concrete structure (2m diameter) on the exterior.
☆☆☆☆	Plaza de Toros "Las Ventas"	Jose Espeliú	Plaza de las Ventas	Typical bull fight arena. Decorated by Manuel Muñoz Monasterio in Mudejar style. The building was finished in 1931. Mon-Sun (10-18). General admission 9€.
☆☆☆☆	"Palacio de los Deportes" Building	Enrique Hermoso Paloma Huidobro	Avenida Felipe II, s/n	"Sports Palace" is a huge space for basketball matches and music concerts among others. For event information www.palaciodeportes.com .
☆☆☆☆	Gregorio Marañón Hospital	Rafael Moneo	Calle Doctor Esquerdo, 46	The new Maternity part was designed by Moneo. It was a very complex proposal due to the space available and the needs.
☆☆☆☆	Torrespaña Tower	Emilio Fernández Martínez de Velasco	Calle Alcalde Sáinz de Baranda 92	Built in 1982 is 220m high. The interior is no longer accessible.
☆☆☆☆	"Madrid Rio" River Tour Bridge	WEST 8 Dominique Perrault	10 Km- Starts at Parque del Oeste	This path goes along Manzanares River having many interesting points to stop. It is normally done by bike (bike rental at the beginning) as it is 10 Km long. The bridge was built in 2011.
-	Zone 2: WEST			
☆☆☆☆	"El Escorial" Town	-	Carretera de Guadarrama/El Escorial	El Escorial is an ancient town from Madrid founded in the XVII century by Carlos III. The town became important when Philip II built "El Escorial Monastery". Better go by car.
☆☆☆☆	Valle de los Caidos"	Pedro Muguruza Diego Mendez	Carretera de Guadarrama/El	Valley and huge white cross built in 1958 and dedicated to the victims of the Spanish Civil War. "Santa Cruz" Abbey is just by the

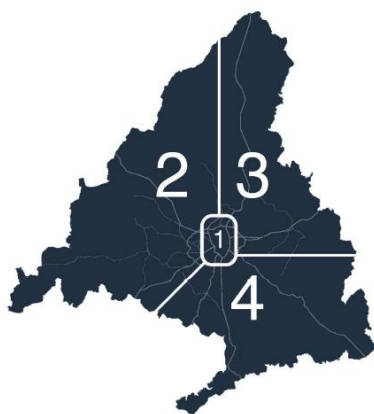


			Escorial	Cross. Tu-Sun (10-18) Wed-Thu (15-17) Varies within seasons.
*****	"San Lorenzo del Escorial" Monastery	Juan Bautista Juan de Herrera Francisco de Mora	C/ Juan de Borbón y Battenberg, s/n, 1	Built between 1563 and 1584. Is where all the Spanish Royalty is buried. Besides being a monastery, it is also a huge museum. Tue-Sun (10-18). General admission 10€, 5€ for students. Tickets for "La Casita del Principe" and "Casa del Infante Don Gabriel".
*****	La Casita del Príncipe	Juan de Villanueva	Paseo del Pardo s/n	Ancient royal residence built in 1775. The interior is well preserved. Tue-Sun (10-18). FREE entrance but tickets need to be purchased at "San Lorenzo del Escorial" Monastery
*****	Casa del Infante Don Gabriel	Juan de Villanueva	Carretera de Robledo de Chavela, s/n.	Ancient royal residence built in 1773. Tue-Sun (10-18). FREE entrance but tickets need to be purchased at "San Lorenzo del Escorial" Monastery.
*****	San Bernabe Church	Francisco de Mora	Iglesia, 9 (El Escorial)	Reconstruction under the reign of Philip II at the end of the XVII century. Mon- Sun (18.00-19.30).
****	"El Pardo" Town	-	Carretera Fuencarral-El Pardo (M - 612) Km. 1,9	El Pardo is a town that became part of Madrid Center in 1950. It has been the place where Franco used to live and where nowadays the Spanish Monarchy lives. The main street is Calle de Manuel Alonso and the famous restaurant is "El Filandón"
*****	Pardo Royal Palace	Luis de Vega Juan de Vergara Francesco Sabatini	Calle de Manuel Alonso s/n	It is the actual residence of the Spanish Royalty. Built in 1558 for Philip II it had a medieval style. Mon-Sun (10-18). General admission 9€, 4€ for students.
****	"Zarzuela" Horse Race-track	Carlos Arniches Martín Domínguez and Eduardo Torroja	Avenida Padre Huidobro, s/n	Opened in 1941. Its structure is really interesting. Organic architecture. Cantilevered grandstand.
**	Theme Park	-	Casa de Campo, s/n	Weekends (12-19). General admission 29.90€
****	Casa de Campo	Juan Gómez de Mora	Paseo Puerta del Ángel, 1	Public Park opened in 1592 as part of king Philip III's residence. In 1931 it was made public. Beautiful in summer. Dangerous at night.
****	Zoo/Aquarium	-	Casa de Campo, s/n	Schedules vary within season Mon-Sun (11-18). General admission 21.10€ (online purchase) http://www.zoomadrid.com
*****	Aviation Museum	-	"Cuatro Vientos" Airport	More than 150 planes. Outdoor exhibitions and seven hangars. Tu-Sun (10-14) FREE admission.
-	Zone 3: EAST			
*****	"Capricho" Gardens	Jean-Baptiste Mulot	Paseo Alameda de Osuna	Built between 1787 and 1839. Must see "El Capricho" and "Embajadores" squares, the palace, the pond and the fountains. Sat-Sun (9-18). FREE admission.
*****	"Juan Carlos I" Park	-	Glorieta S.A.R. Don Juan de Borbón y Battenberg, 5	Opened in 1992. Its aim was to preserve a centenary olive grove. It has a lake (30,000 m2), a river, 21 hectares of olive groves, 19 outdoor sculptures, a garden called the Three Cultures, a greenhouse and an auditorium. Bikes can be rented.
*****	T4 Airport	Richard Rogers and Lamela Studio	Aeropuerto Barajas T4	Built in 2006 and one of the most impressive buildings of the capital in terms of construction.
*****	"Alcala de Henares" Town	-	Alcala de Henares	Is one of the most ancient university campuses of Spain. It was also the town where Cervantes was born.
*****	"Puerta de Madrid" Monument	Antonio Juana Jordán	Calle Andrés de Saborit	Rebuilt in 1778 under the reign of Carlos III. Neoclassic style. It was the main access to the town from Madrid center.
*****	Alcalá de Henares Cathedral	Rodrigo Gil de Ontañón	Plaza de los Santos Niños	Built in 1514. Its west façade has a gothic style. The west façade and the tower are thoroughly decorated. Mon-Fri (9-13/17-20.30) Sun-Sat (9-13/18-20.30).
*****	Arzobispal Palace	Manuel Laredo	Calle Cardenal Sandoval y Rojas s/n	Built in 1209 but reconstructed several times after wars and fires. The last intervention by Manuel Laredo. Mon-Sun (11-14.30)
*****	"Convento de las Bernardas" Abbey	Juan Gómez de Mora	Plaza de las Bernardas, 1	Built in 1936 as an abbey. One of its unique features is the oval floor plan. Only a few religious buildings such as Sant'Andrea al Quirinale have this form. Now it's a religious museum. Sat-Sun (13-18). General admission 2,50€.
*****	Cervantes House and Museum	-	Calle Mayor, 48	The author of "El Quijote", Cervantes lived here. The house has been restored in order to meet the aesthetics of that time. Tue-Sun (10-18). FREE admission.
****	Ancient Antezana Hospital	-	Calle Mayor, 46	It used to be a nun's hospital (12 elderly with no resources) until 2006. The father of Cervantes worked here as a surgeon. If you are lucky and find the door open get inside and visit the building.
*****	Cervantes Square	Pedro Nicoli	Plaza de Cervantes, 28	Known as the "Market Square" is the center point of Alcala de Henares. The Statue of Cervantes by Pedro Nicoli was built in 1879.
*****	Corral de Comedias Theater	Francisco Sanchez	Plaza de Cervantes, 15	Built in 1601 is one of the oldest theatres in Europe. Mon- Fri (9.30-14.30/15.30-18.30). Guided Tours 2,5€
*****	Alcala de Henares University	Rodrigo Gil de Ontañón	Plaza de San Diego s/n	Known as "Universidad Cisneriana" because it was founded by Cardinal Cisneros in 1499. The principalship building has the most significant architecture. It used to be the dorms of the campus (Colegio Mayor de San Ildefonso). Mon-Fri (11-13/16-18) Sat-Sun11-14/16.30-18.30). Guided Tours 2,5€.
****	Parador Hostería del Estudiante	Aranguren & Gallegos (restoration)	Calle de los Colegios, 3	Hotel and Restaurant. Before it used to be the "Santo Tomás" Abbey. It was restored in 2008. Traditional food.
*****	"Cisneriano" Museum	Manuel José Laredo	Paseo de la Estación, 10	Is the ancient "Laredo" Palace built in 1882. Neomujear style. The tower and the main access are very characteristic of this style.



Tue-Sun (10-14/17-20) Guided Tours 3€.				
☆☆☆☆	"Hippolytus" House	-	Beside "Polideportivo El Juncal"	The origins of this building are Ancient Roman from the I century. It is part of the Complutum ruins. The bus that takes you here departs from "Cervantes" Square. Tu-Sun (10-14) Sat-Sun (10-14/16-19). FREE admission.
- Zone 4: SOUTH				
☆☆☆☆	"Cerro del Tío Pío" Valley	-	Calle de Benjamin Palencia, 2	Madrid 180 degrees. Amazing skyline views of the city and the 7 hills. Is located next to the Firemen Building.
☆☆☆☆	"Aranjuez" Town	-	The train departs from Atocha Station.	Is the city that lies south of Madrid. It is mainly famous for the Royal Palace and its ancient culture that goes back to the XVI C.
☆☆☆☆	"San Antonio" Church and square	Santiago Bonavia	Aranjuez	Built in 1752 under the reign of Carlos III. It leads the access to the Royal Palace.
☆☆☆☆	"Aranjuez Royal Palace"	Juan Bautista de Toledo Juan de Herrera	Plaza de Parejas	Located in between "Tajo" and "Jarama" rivers. The construction of the palace started at the same time as The Escorial did, with Philip II. The gardens are a MUST see also. Mon-Sun (10-18). General admission 9€, Students 4€. FREE Wed-Thu (15-18). The tickets for "Labrador" House and "Faluas Reales" Museum need to be purchased here.
☆☆☆☆	"Labrador" House	Juan de Villanueva	Calle de la Reina, s/n	Located in the gardens of the palace. Neoclassic style.
☆☆	"Faluas Reales" Museum	-	(In the gardens of the Palace)	Is a boat museum built in 1963 that has a collection of small boats used by the kings to sail the "Tajo" River. General admission 3€, 2€ for students.
☆☆	"Silvela" Palace	Jose Segundo de Lema	Calle Palacio Silvela 4	It is located where the Medicinal Gardens were. Neogothic style.
☆☆	"Alpajes" Church	Cristobal Rodriguez de Jarama	Calle Príncipe, 73	Built in 1690 inspired by "Il Gesù" church in Rome The cupola was designed by Santiago Bonavia. The church mass hours are at 19-20.
☆☆	"San Pascual" Abbey	Francesco Sabatini	Calle Rey, 75	Only the church of the abbey can be visited. Mon-Sun (8.30-13.30). FREE admission.
☆☆☆☆	"Tren de la Fresa" Railway Station	Pedro Miranda	Paseo de la Estación, s/n	Founded in 1927, neomudejar style. It was built to connect Aranjuez with the city center. As many goods (strawberries among others) were transported from Aranjuez the name was changed to "Tren de la Fresa", "The Strawberry Train".
☆☆☆☆	"Bodega del Real Cortijo" Winery	-	Calle de Leon Ruiz Ruiz	In 1782 Carlos III founded this winery for preserving and aging the wines. Nowadays, it produces very few bottles (25,000 a year). Tours will allow you to visit their centuries-old caves and take the chance to taste their amazing wine. Sundays at 12, general admission 6€.
☆☆	Santillana Reservoir	-	Manzanares el Real	In 1907 Alfonso XIII inaugurated the Santillana reservoir, built on the bed of the river Manzanares. The architects designed the dam tower in Gothic-style in advance to the medieval castle that sits across the reservoir. In the 60s it had become too small and a new dam in front of the old one was built. The tower stood in the middle of an artificial lake leaving beautiful sceneries.

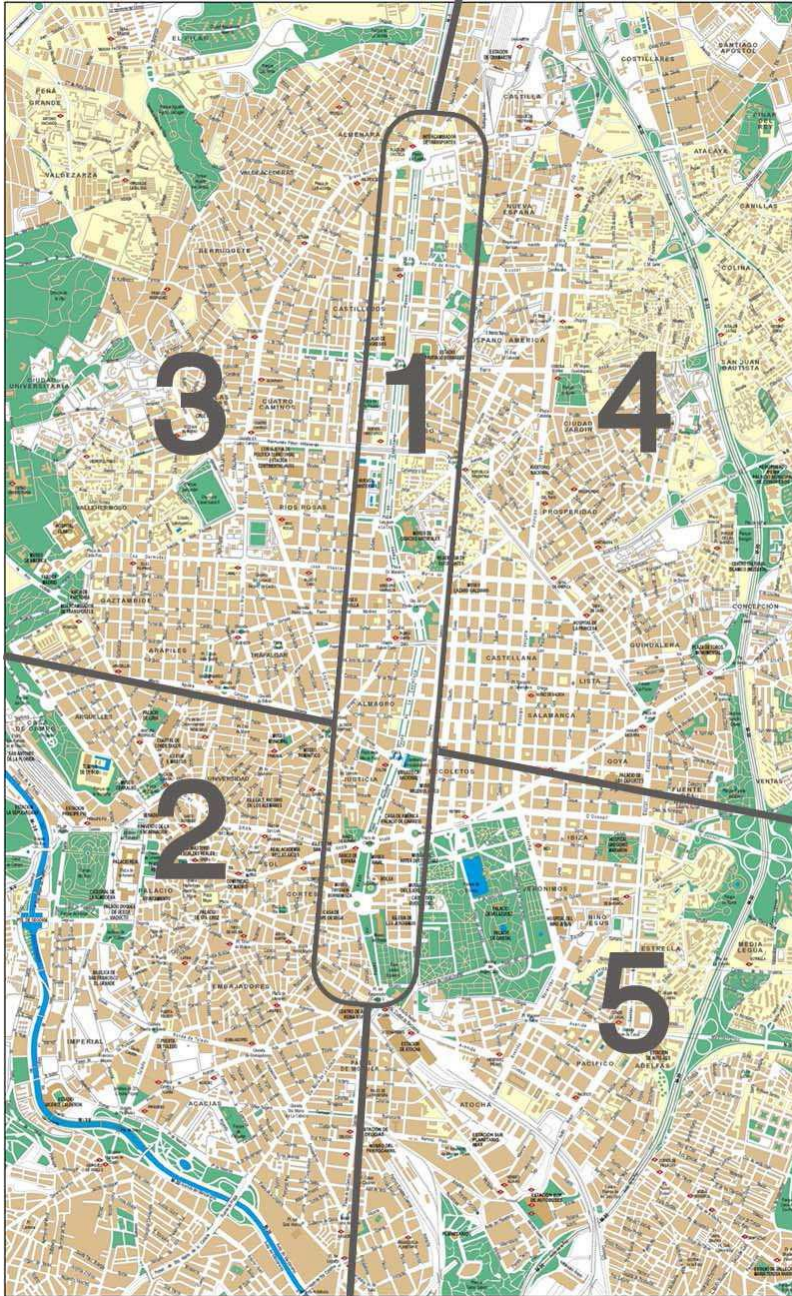
- Note: Directions are from 1-4 areas in order.



1. City Center
2. West Madrid
3. East Madrid
4. South Madrid

Area 1 is divided in order of importance following this diagram:





- URL map: <http://goo.gl/maps/ba40J>
- Subway Map of Madrid: <http://www.metromadrid.es/es/index.html>

